

Infinitely many solutions

- In the system of equations below

$$\begin{cases} 5x - 2y = 3 \\ ax + by = 6 \end{cases}$$

a and b are constants. If the system has infinitely many solutions, what is the value of $a + b$?

Solution:

Transform each equation in the slope intercept form:

$$\begin{cases} y = \frac{5}{2}x - \frac{3}{2} \\ y = -\frac{a}{b}x + \frac{6}{b} \end{cases}$$

Since this system of equation has infinitely many solutions, this means that the two lines which represents the equations must have the same slope and same y -intercept, therefore

$$\frac{5}{2} = -\frac{a}{b} \quad \text{and} \quad -\frac{3}{2} = \frac{6}{b}$$

Solving second proportion for b we get $-3b = 12$ or $b = -4$. Solving for a we get $5b = -2a$ or $-20 = -2a$ so $a = 10$ and $a + b = 6$

- The system of equations below has infinitely many solutions. What is the value of $a + b$?

$$\begin{cases} ax + 3y = 12 \\ 2x + y = 4 \end{cases}$$

Solution:

For a system to have infinitely many solutions, the two equations must be equivalent (one is a multiple of the other). Observe the constants: the first equation has 12 and the second has 4. $12 \div 4 = 3$. Multiply the entire second equation by 3:

$$3(2x + y = 4) \implies 6x + 3y = 12$$

Comparing $6x + 3y = 12$ to $ax + 3y = 12$, we see $a = 6$. In this case, the equations are identical, so b is not explicitly in the problem, but typically b represents the constant. If the second equation was $2x + y = b$, then $12 = 3b$, so $b = 4$. Sum: $6 + 4 = 10$.

Answer: 10

- In the system below, for what value of a will the system have infinitely many solutions?

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{1}{2}x + \frac{1}{3}y &= 5 \\ ax + 2y &= 30\end{aligned}$$

Solution:

To make the y coefficients match, look at the first equation: $\frac{1}{3}y$ needs to become $2y$. Multiply the first equation by 6:

$$6 \left(\frac{1}{2}x + \frac{1}{3}y = 5 \right) \implies 3x + 2y = 30$$

Comparing this to $ax + 2y = 30$, we see that a must be 3.

Answer: 3

One solution

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$$\begin{cases} ax + 2y = 5 \\ 3x - 6y = 20 \end{cases}$$

In the system of equations above, a is a constant. If the system has one solution, which of the following can NOT be a value of a ?

(A) -1

(C) 1

(B) $3/4$

(D) 3

Solution:

Transform each equation in slope intercept form $\begin{cases} y = -\frac{a}{2}x + \frac{5}{2} \\ y = \frac{1}{2}x - \frac{10}{3} \end{cases}$

Since this system of equation has one solution then slopes of two lines must be different that is $-\frac{a}{2} \neq \frac{1}{2}$ therefore $a \neq -1$

No Solution (Parallel Lines)

- In the system of equations below, k is a constant. If the system has no solution, what is the value of k ?

$$\begin{aligned}4x - 5y &= 7 \\ kx - 10y &= 8\end{aligned}$$

Solution:

A system of linear equations has no solution if the lines are parallel and have different y -intercepts. Parallel lines must have proportional coefficients for x and y :

$$\frac{4}{k} = \frac{-5}{-10}$$

Simplify the right side:

$$\frac{4}{k} = \frac{1}{2}$$

Cross-multiply to solve for k :

$$k = 8$$

Answer: 8

- For which values of k , will the system of equations

$$\begin{cases} 2x - 5y = 8 \\ ky + 4x = 17 \end{cases}$$

has no solution?

Solution:

Transform each equation in slope intercept form:

$$\begin{cases} y = \frac{2}{5}x - \frac{8}{5} \\ y = -\frac{4}{k}x + \frac{17}{k} \end{cases}$$

Since the system of equation has no solution, the two lines which represents the equations are parallel therefore must have the same slope, thus $\frac{2}{5} = -\frac{4}{k}$.

Solving for k by cross multiplication we have $-2k = 20$ or $k = -10$

Contextual Word Problem

- A local theater sells adult tickets for \$15 and child tickets for \$10. On Saturday, the theater sold 150 tickets total and collected \$1,900. How many adult tickets (a) were sold?

Solution:

Create a system of equations:

1. $a + c = 150$ (Total tickets)
2. $15a + 10c = 1900$ (Total revenue)

Solve for c in the first: $c = 150 - a$. Substitute into the second:

$$15a + 10(150 - a) = 1900$$

$$15a + 1500 - 10a = 1900$$

$$5a = 400$$

$$a = 80$$

Answer: 80

- A school sold adult tickets for \$8 and student tickets for \$5. A total of 200 tickets were sold for \$1,390. How many adult tickets were sold?

- (A) 63
(B) 97
(C) 130
(D) 150

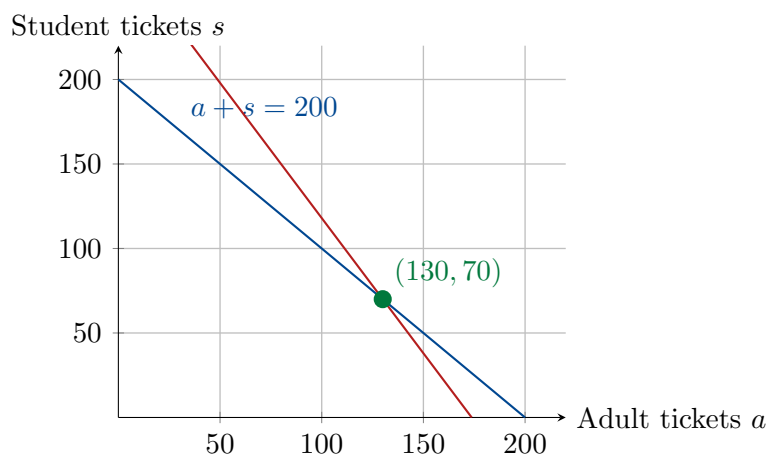
Solution:

Let a = adult tickets, s = student tickets.

$$\begin{cases} a + s = 200 \\ 8a + 5s = 1,390 \end{cases}$$

From the first equation: $s = 200 - a$. Substitute:

$$8a + 5(200 - a) = 1,390 \Rightarrow 8a + 1,000 - 5a = 1,390 \Rightarrow 3a = 390 \Rightarrow a = 130$$



Answer: (C)

